

Our English Curriculum

Intent

At West Earlham Infant and Nursery School we endeavour to develop and foster a love for reading and writing that is lifelong. We provide motivating and purposeful opportunities for reading and writing. We actively promote the development of vocabulary based on evidence based research. In all areas of learning we encourage children to be resilient and take risks in their learning.

We wish for every children to leave our school with the skills of a reader and writer:

- Children to be fluent readers with a passion for knowledge and a love of literature.
- Children to have a rich and varied exposure to literature and nursery rhymes so that they carry this knowledge through beyond our Infant school.
- Children to write confidently with an author's voice.
- Children to use an extensive range of vocabulary in both spoken and written language.
- Children to display excellent transcription skills, thus ensuring their writing is well spelt, punctuated and presented.
- Children will speak clearly and coherently for a range of different purposes.
- Children can express themselves and their ideas confidently.
- Children to be able to maintain listening and attention when talking to others.
- Children are able to reflect and improve on their reading and writing.
- Children to show resilience and stamina when using their reading and writing skills.

Implementation

- We teach children synthetic phonics in a systematic scheme called Read, Write Inc.
- In Nursery children are exposed to 'Box Time' to promote listening and attention skills and vocabulary. This will continue into Reception with a wide variety of listening and attention games.
- In the EYFS children are exposed and taught a wide variety of nursery rhymes. In Key Stage 1, they are taught a wide variety of songs.
- In each year group children read a bank of well-known and loved stories daily.
- Through our 'Big Question' learning in KS1, children have the opportunity to explore real life, purposeful learning with an audience.
- In the EYFS, children are encouraged to explore the environment and develop their own stories supported by story scribing to promote positive attitudes towards writing.
- Our 'In the moment' planning approach in EYFS responds to young children's natural curiosity and exploratory drive and imagination which develops cognitive and social skills, language skills and fine and gross motor skills.
- Adult are well versed in modelling language back to children from early communication through to more complex sentences using the right tense.
- We use text real texts to model writing and demonstrate grammatical structures and features.
- We use strategies including oral rehearsal frames (such as Talk for Writing) to promote and support writing development.
- We use Word Aware to support the children to develop their vocabulary by exploring new words and concepts.
- We provide motivating and purposeful opportunities for writing and reading.
- Throughout the year visits and inviting visitors in are well planned to tie in with a sequence of learning to provide opportunities for reading, writing, listening and attention and learning new vocabulary.



Our children will		Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
experience:		-			
•	Visit to our	<u>Autumn 1</u>	<u>Autumn 1</u>	<u>Autumn 1</u>	Autumn 1
	library weekly	T4W (Seedlings	T4W: 5 Sentence stories	T4W -	T4W -
•	Writing and	and Saplings):	Themes: Settling in/Signs of Autumn	Poem: Monkey's Meal	Poem: 'Autumn song' by John Rice.
	posting a letter	Children learn	Autumn 2	Narrative: Monkey See, Monkey Do	Narrative: Meerkat Mail
		nursery rhymes	T4W: The Gingerbread Man	Big Question: How can I identify	Big Question: How has life changed in the
•	Travelling	with actions.	Themes:Celebrations	differences between trees and plants?	past century?
	bedtime story	Wheels on the	Spring 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2
	box	bus, Incy Wincy	T4W: The Enormous Turnip	T4W -	T4W-
•	Parent reading	Spider, 5	Themes: Being healthy and Chinese	Poem: A Tiny Burning Flame	Poetry: Eragon
	story café	Currents Buns	new year	Instructions: How to Wash a Monkey	Instruction: How to trap a dragon.
	yearly	Autumn 2	Spring 2	Persuasion: Letter to Santa	Persuasion: Letter to Father Christmas.
	Parent writing	T4W(Seedings):	T4W: The Baby Mouse	Big Question: Who were the heroes	Big Question: Which features make each
	story cafe	Children learn	Themes: People who help us and signs	and villains of the Great Fire of	continent unique?
	•	nursery rhymes	of Spring	London?	Spring 1
	yearly	with actions -	Summer 1	Spring 1	T4W-
•	Story sharing	This Little Piggy,	T4W: The Three Billy Goats Gruff	T4W -	Poetry: Winter poem
	with parents	Little Miss	Themes: Life cycles, looking after the	Poem: Winter	Narrative: The owl who was afraid of the
	weekly	Muffet , Little	environment and life in other	Narrative: How to Catch a Star	dark.
•	Reading	Bo Peep,	countries	Big Question: How is the UK split into	Big Question: Who's reign was more
	volunteer from	Hickory Dickory	Summer 2	four?	important for Britain - Victoria or Elizabeth
	the Norfolk	Dock, Three	T4W:Jack and the Beanstalk	Spring 2	
		Blind Mice ,	Themes: Planting and growing,	T4W -	Spring 2
	Reading	Santa got Stuck	traditional tales, moving onto y1.	Poem: I think I'd Like to Get a Pet	T4W-
	project for	up the Chimney		Recount: Teacher written based on	Poetry: 'Spring in the city' by Brian Moses.
	every class	T4W(Saplings):		school event/occasion	Information report: Unicorns.
	each week	Mr Wiggle & Mr		Big Question: What put Norwich on	Big Question: Where are the oceans of the
		Waggle		the map?	world and what makes each one special?
•	Voting for and	Spring 1		<u>Summer 1</u> T4W -	<u>Summer 1</u> T4W -
	sharing their	T4W(Seedings):			
	choice of	Dear Zoo		Poem: Africa	Poetry: The dragon inside of me.
	fiction, non	T4W(Saplings): The Little Red		Narrative: Handa's Surprise	Narrative: Kassim and the greedy dragon.
	fiction or			Big Question: When I go to the coast what will I find?	Big Question: Why were the Wright brothers successful where others failed?
	poetry daily	Hen Spring 2		Summer 2	Summer 2
	poetry daily	Shiiig 7		<u>Summer 2</u>	Summer 2



T4W(Seedings): Sleepy Bumblebee T4W(Saplings): Stuck in the Mud Summer 1 T4W(Seedings): Duck in the Truck T4W(Saplings): Goldilocks and the Three Bears Summer 2 T4W(Seedings): A Mouse Called Maisie T4W(Saplings): Three Little Pigs		T4W - Poem: North Pole! South Pole! Information Report: Amazing Antelopes Big Question: Where are the hottest and coldest places on Earth?	T4W - Recount: Newspaper on Kassim. Poetry: The magic box. Big Question: What are the similarities and differences between Norwich and Ninh Binh?
Tillee Little Figs	Stories and Nursery Rhymes tha	It will be shared in each Year group	
Conkers	Seed	llings	Saplings
Nursery Rymes	Nursery Rymes		Nursery Rymes
Wind the bobbin up	I hear thunder		London's burning
Incy wincy spider	Wind the bobbin up		I'm a little teapot
Twinkle Twinkle little star	Incy wincy spider		Hey diddle diddle
Baa Baa black sheep	Twinkle Twinkle little star		5 little ducks
1, 2, 3, 4, 5	5 little buns in a bakers shop		
Hickory Dickory Dock	Wheels on the bus		Saplings Core Books
Humpty Dumpty	Row row row your boat		Brown Bear, Brown Bear, what do you see?
	Baa baa black sheep		Rosie's walk
Conkers Core Books	· ·		We're going on a bear hunt
Dinosaur roar	Seedlings Core Books		Dear Zoo
A bit lost	Hooray for fish Hippo has a hat		Handa's surprise
Brown Bear, Brown Bear, what do you	Brown Bear, Brown Bear, what do you see?		The Gruffalo
see?	Hungry Caterpillar		Chocolate moose for greedy goose
Hug	A fabulous day for birds		



Dear Zoo	Shark in the park	<u>Traditional tales</u>
Peepo	It's not a stick	Goldilocks
Ten little fingers, ten little toes		The Gingerbread Man
From head to toe	<u>Traditional tales</u>	
	Three little pigs	
Reception	Year 1	Year 2
Reception Core Books	Year 1 Core Books	Year 2 Core Books
Mr Gumpy's Outing	Voices in the Park	BFG
Sshh	Owl babies	The Twits
Farmer Duck	Hairy Maclary	The Enormous Crocodile
Pumpkin Soup	Dogger	Book with no pictures
Oi Frog, Oi Cat, Oi Dog, etc	Elmer	True story of the three little pigs
The Tiger who came to Tea	Rainbow fish	The Scarecrow's Wedding
The Mixed Up Chameleon	Not Now Bernard	Superworm
Spiderella	Where the Wild things are	The Day the crayons quit
Silly Suzy Goose	On the way home	Bob man on the moon
Monkey Puzzle	Squash and a squeeze	Dougal Deep sea diver
What the ladybird heard	Snail and the whale	Mr Gum
Room on a broom	Tiny Seed	Traction Man
Wonky Donkey	Meerkat Mail	Cat in the hat
There was an old lady who swallowed a fly	How to catch a star	The tunnel
Reception Windows & Mirrors Books	Funny Bones	The Bad tempered ladybird
The New Small Person	The Jolly Postman	Tadpole's Promise
The Tale of the Whale	Year 1 Windows & Mirrors Books	Town Mouse, Country Mouse
Chapati Moon	The Boys	Year 2 Windows & Mirrors Books
We're Going to Find the Monster	My Must Have Mum	The Tango Makes Three
My Dad is a Grizzly Bear	Julian at the Wedding	My Two Grannies
Ravi's Roar	Look up!	The Pirate Tree
My Monster and Me	Clean Up!	The Word Collector
Super Duper You	Full, Full, Full of Love	My Beautiful Voice
My Nana's Garden	The Girls	I Talk Like a River
Never Show a T-Rex a Book	Astro Girl	That's Not a Daffodil
Jabari Jumps	So Much	Proudest Blue
Jabari Tries	Maisie's Scrapbook	Eyes that Kiss in the Corners



Ruby's Worry	My Hair	Thank you Omu!
Meesha Makes Friends	The Many Colours of Harpreet Singh	Billy and the Dragon
Shubh Diwali!	Julian is a Mermaid	The Invisible
<u>Traditional tales</u>	Chapati Moon	Amy Wu and the Perfect Bao
Little Red Hen	Luna Loves Library Day	Amy Wu and the Patchwork Dragon
The Three Billy Goat's Gruff	<u>Traditional tales</u>	<u>Traditional tales</u>
Gingerbread Man	The Magic Porridge Pot	Hansel and Gretel
Enormous Turnip	Little Red Riding hood	The Elves and the shoemaker
Nursery Rhymes	Jack and the beanstalk	Wizard of Oz
The wheels on the bus	Rumpelstiltskin	Alice in Wonderland
Happy and you know it	Nursery Rhymes	Nursery Rhymes
5 little men in a flying saucer	Re-visits nursery rhymes taught in the EYFS	Re-visits nursery rhymes taught in the EYFS
5 little speckled frogs		
5 little monkey's		
Dingly dangley scarecrow		
Jack and Jill		
Grand Ole Duke of York		
Dingle Dangle Scarecrow		
The Farmer's in his den		

	Reading Control of the Control of th					
	Nursery	Reception	Year One	Year Two		
Progre	Interested in books and rhymes and	Shows awareness of rhyme and	Reading – word reading	Reading – word reading		
ssion	may have favourites.	alliteration.	Apply phonic knowledge and skills as	Continue to apply phonic knowledge and		
	Has some favourite stories, rhymes,	Listens to and joins in with stories	the route to decode words until	skills as the route to decode words until		
	songs, poems or jingles. Repeats	and poems, one-to-one and also in	automatic decoding has become	automatic decoding has become		
	words or phrases from familiar	small groups.	embedded and reading is fluent.	embedded and reading is fluent		
	stories.	Joins in with repeated refrains and	Read accurately by blending the	Read accurately by blending the sounds		
	Fills in the missing word or phrase	anticipates key events and phrases in	sounds in words that contain the	in words that contain the graphemes		
	in a known rhyme, story or game,	rhymes and stories.	graphemes taught so far.	taught so far, especially recognising		
	e.g. 'Humpty Dumpty sat on a'.	Beginning to be aware of the way	Read accurately words of two or more	alternative sounds for graphemes		
	Ask questions about a book. Make	stories are structured.	syllables that contain the same	Read accurately words of two or more		
	comments and share their own		graphemes as above.	syllables that contain the same		
	ideas.			graphemes as above		



Develop play around a favourite story using props.

Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:

- spot and suggest rhymes
- count or clap syllables in a word
- recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother

Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.

Suggests how the story might end. Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall.

Describes main story settings, events and principal characters.

Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos.

Looks at books independently. Handles books carefully. Knows information can be relayed in the form of print.

Holds books the correct way up and turns pages.

Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.

Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words. Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them.

Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.

Enjoys an increasing range of books. Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.

Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter— sound correspondences.

Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.

Read words containing common suffixes.

Read further common exception words.

Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending.

Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately.

Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

Reading - comprehension

Develop pleasure in reading by:
Listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently.

Discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related.

Becoming familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories.

Being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways. Recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry. Discussing and clarifying the meanings

Discussing their favourite words and phrases.

of words.

Read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered

Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation

Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading

Reading – comprehension

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

Listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently Discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related

Becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales
Being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways
Recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry Discussing and clarifying the meanings of words,



Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.

Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter–sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.

Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.

ELG: Comprehension Children at the expected level of development will:

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;
- Anticipate where appropriate key events in stories;
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

ELG: Word Reading
Children at the expected level of development will:

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;

Continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart.

Understand books by:

Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading.

Making inferences on the basis of

Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.

Answering and asking questions.

Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far. Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves.

Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

linking new meanings to known vocabulary

Discussing their favourite words and phrases

Continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear

Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done Answering and asking questions Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.



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		- Read words consistent with their		
		phonic knowledge by		
		sound-blending;		
		- Read aloud simple sentences and		
		books that are consistent with their		
		phonic knowledge, including some		
		common exception words.		
		Writin	g	
Progre	Distinguishes between the different	Uses some clearly identifiable letters	Writing - Transcription	Writing - Transcription
ssion	marks they make	to communicate meaning,	Spell (words containing phonemes	spell by:
	Sometimes gives meaning to marks	representing some sounds correctly	taught, common exception words,	segmenting spoken words into
	as they draw and paint.	and in sequence.	days of the week).	phonemes and representing these by
	Ascribes meanings to marks that	Writes own name and other things	Name letters of alphabet.	graphemes, spelling many correctly
	they see in different places.	such as labels, captions.	Add prefixes and suffixes.	Learning new ways of spelling phonemes
	Use some of their print and letter	Attempts to write short sentences in	Apply simple spelling rules as outlined	for which one or more spellings are
	knowledge in their early writing.	meaningful contexts.	in English Appendix 1.	already known, and learn some words
	For example: writing a pretend	Form lower-case and capital letters	Write from memory simple dictated	with each spelling, including a few
	shopping list that starts at the top	correctly.	sentences.	common homophones
	of the page; writing 'm' for	Spell words by identifying the sounds	Writing – handwriting	Learning to spell common exception
	mummy.	and then writing the sound with	Sit and hold pencil correctly.	words
	Write some or all of their name.	letter/s.	Begin to form lower case letters in	Learning to spell more words with
	Write some letters accurately.	Write short sentences with words	correct direction.	contracted forms
		with known sound-letter	Capital letters.	Learning the possessive apostrophe
		correspondences using a capital	Digits 0-9.	(singular) [for example, the girl's book]
		letter and full stop.	Understand which letters belong to	Distinguishing between homophones
		Re-read what they have written to	which handwriting 'families' (i.e.	and near-homophones
		check that it makes sense.	letters that are formed in similar ways)	Add suffixes to spell longer words,
		ELG: Writing	and to practise these.	including -ment, -ness, -ful, -less, -ly
		Children at the expected level of	Writing – composition	apply spelling rules and guidance, as
		development will:	Write sentences by:	listed in English Appendix 1
		- Write recognisable letters, most of	Saying out loud what they are going to	Write from memory simple sentences
		which are correctly formed;	write about.	dictated by the teacher that include
		- Spell words by identifying sounds	Composing a sentence orally before	words using the GPCs, common
		in them and representing the	writing it.	exception words and punctuation taught
		sounds with a letter or letters;	Sequencing sentences to form short	so far.
		,	narratives.	Writing- handwriting



1			
	- Write simple phrases and	Re-reading what they have written to	Form lower-case letters of the correct
	sentences that can be read by	check that it makes sense.	size relative to one another
	others.	Discuss what they have written with	Start using some of the diagonal and
		the teacher and other pupils.	horizontal strokes needed to join letters
		Read aloud their writing clearly	and understand which letters, when
		enough to be heard by their peers and	adjacent to one another, are best left
		the teacher	unjoined
		Writing – vocabulary, grammar and	Write capital letters and digits of the
		punctuation	correct size, orientation and relationship
		Leaving spaces between words.	to one another and to lower case letters
		Joining words and clauses using 'and'.	Use spacing between words that reflects
		Begin to punctuate sentences using a	the size of the letters.
		capital letter, full stop, question mark	Writing – composition
		or exclamation mark.	develop positive attitudes towards and
		Using a capital letter for names of	stamina for writing by:
		people, places, days of the week, and	Writing narratives about personal
		the personal pronoun 'I'.	experiences and those of others (real
		Learning the grammar for Year 1 in	and fictional)
		English Appendix 2.	Writing about real events
		Use the grammatical terminology in	Writing poetry
		English Appendix 2 in discussing their	Writing for different purposes
		writing.	Consider what they are going to write
			before beginning by:
			Planning or saying out loud what they
			are going to write about
			Writing down ideas and/or key words,
			including new vocabulary
			Encapsulating what they want to say,
			sentence by sentence
			Make simple additions, revisions and
			corrections to their own writing by:
			Evaluating their writing with the teacher
			and other pupils
			Re-reading to check that their writing
			makes sense and that verbs to indicate
			time are used correctly and consistently,



including verbs in the continuous form Proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly] Read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear. develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: Learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) Learn how to use: Sentences with different forms:
Appendix 2), including full stops, capital
(singular)
Learn how to use:
Sentences with different forms:
statement, question, exclamation, command
Expanded noun phrases to describe and
specify [for example, the blue butterfly]
The present and past tenses correctly
and consistently including the
progressive form
Subordination (using when, if, that, or
because) and co-ordination (using or,
and, or but)
The grammar for year 2 in English
Some features of written Standard
The gra



			Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.
Кеу	Letter, sound, special friends,	letter, sound, special friends, digraph,	Verb, tense, (past, present), adjective,
Vocab	digraph, word, sentence, full stop.	split-digraph, word, sentence, capital	noun, suffix, apostrophe, comma.
ulary		letter, full stop, punctuation, singular,	
		plural, questions mark, exclamation	
		mark.	